## Ages & Stages Questionnaires': A Parent-Completed, Child-Monitoring System Second Edition

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## 36 Month • 3 Year Questionnaire



On the following pages are questions about activities children do. Your child may have already done some of the activities described here, and there may be some your child has not begun doing yet. For each item, please check the box that tells whether your child is doing the activity regularly, sometimes, or not yet.

## Important Points to Remember:

Be sure to try each activity with your child before checking a box.
Try to make completing this questionnaire a game that is fun for you and your child.
Make sure your child is rested, fed, and ready to play.
Please return this questionnaire by
If you have any questions or concerns about your child or about this questionnaire, please call:
Look forward to filling out another questionnaire in \_\_\_\_\_ months.



## ACTIVITIES FOR CHILDREN 36 - 48 MONTHS OLD

Before bedtime, look at a magazine or children's book together. Ask your child to point to pictures as you name them, such as "Where is the truck?"  Be silly and ask him to point with his elbow or foot. Ask him to show you something that is round or something that goes fast.	Talk about the number 3. Read stories that have 3 in them (The Three Billy Gasts Gruff, Three Little Pigs. The Count to 3 using similar objects (rocks, The Sars blocks). Talk about being 3 years old, After your child gets the idea, move up to the numbers 4, 5, and show as a pour child is interested.	Listen for sounds. Find a cozy spot, and so we have an adventure path outside. Use a garden hose, rope, or piece of chalk and and shout you hear. Ask your child if it is a loud or soft side your home, and make a new path or have your child make a new path or have your child make a path.	Listen and dance to music with your child. You can stop the music for a moment and glay the "freeze" game maring or cutting long pieces. Use material that is lightweight. Hold on to perfectly still, until you start the music again. Try to "freeze" in unusual positions for fun.
Grow a plant. Choose seeds that sprout quickly (beans or peas), and together with your child place the seeds in a paper cup, filling almost to the top with dir. Place the seeds 1/8 inch under the soil. Put the cup in a sunny windowsill and encourage your child to water and watch the plant grow.	During bath time, play Simon Says to teach your child names of body parts. First, you can be "Simon" and help your child wash the part of his body that "Simon says." Let your child have a turn to be "Simon" too. Be sure to name each body part as it is washed and give your child a chance to wash himself.	Encourage your child's "sharing skills" by making a play corner in your home. Include only two children to start (a brother, sister, or friend) and have a few of the same type of toys available so the children don't have to share all the time, Puppels or blocks are good because they encourage playing together, if needed, use an egg or together, if needed, use an egg or together, if needed, use an egg or drem equal time with a bell to allow the children equal time with the toys.	Make a necklace you can eat by stringing Cheerios or Froot Loops on a plece of yarn or string. Wrap a short piece of tape around the end of the string to make a firm tip for stringing.
Make a bird feeder using peanut butter and bird seed. Help your child find a pine cone or a piece of wood to spread peanut butter on. Roll in or sprinkle with seeds and hang in a tree or outside a window. While your child watches the birds, ask her about the number, size, and color of the different birds that visit.	Cut out some large paper circles and show them to your child. Talk with your child about things in her world that are "round" (a ball, the moon). Cut the circle in half, and ask her if she can make it round again. Next, cut the circle into three pieces, and so forth.	Practice following directions. Play a silly game where you ask your child to do two or three fun or unusual things in a row. For example, ask him to "Touch your elbow and then run in a circle" or "Find a book and put it on your head."	When reading or telling a familiar story for bedime, stop and leave out a word. Wait for your child to "fill in the blank."
Make a book "about me" for your child. Save family pictures, leaves, magazine pictures of a favorite food, and drawings your child makes. Put them in a photo album, or glue onto sheets of paper and staple together to make a book.	white cooking of eating dinner, play the "more or less" game with your child. Ask who has more "potatoes" and who has less. Try this using samesize glasses or cups, filled with juice or milk.	When your child is getting dressed, encourage her to practice with buttons and zippers. Play a game of Peekaboo to show her how buttons go through the holes. Pretend the zipper is a choo-choo train going "up and down" the track.	Find large pieces of paper or card- board for your child to draw on. Using crayons, pencils, or markers, play a drawing game where you follow his lead by copying exactly what he draws. Next, encourage him to copy your drawings, such as circles or straight lines.

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÷		YES	SOMETIMES	NOT YE	г
	COMMUNICATION Be sure to try each activity with your child.	•	₩ ₩ · · · ·	IVO.	
4	When you ask her to point to her nose, eyes, hair, feet, ears, and so forth, does your child correctly point to at least seven body parts? (She can point to parts of herself, you, or a doll.)		П	· <b>□</b>	
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	<ol><li>Does your child make sentences that are three or four words long?</li><li>Please give an example:</li></ol>	u	<b>.</b>	u	
3	3. Without giving him help by pointing or using gestures, ask your child to "Put the shoe on the table" and "Put the book under the chair." Does your child carry out both of these directions correctly?				
4	4. When looking at a picture book, does your child tell you what is happening or what action is taking place in the picture? (For example			·	
	barking," "Hunning," "Eating," and "Crying") You may ask, "What is the dog (or boy) doing?"		٥		
5.	Show your child how a zipper on a coat moves up and down, and say, "See, this goes up and down." Put the zipper to the middle and ask your child to move the zipper down. Return the zipper to the middle and ask your child to move the zipper up. Do this several times, placing the zipper in the middle before asking your child to move it up or down. Does your child consistently move the zipper up when you say "up" and down when you say "down"?				
6.	. When you ask, "What is your name?" does your child say both her first and last names?				- <del></del>
			COMMUNICATIO	ON TOTA	<del></del> .
			001	JIV IU.	
G)	ROSS MOTOR Be sure to try each activity with your child.				
1.	Without holding onto anything for support, does your child kick a ball by swinging his leg forward?				·
			·		
2.	Does your child jump with both feet leaving the floor at the same time?	<u> </u>			· .·——
	Does your child walk up stairs, using only one foot on each stair? (The left foot is on one step, and the right foot is on the next.) She may hold onto the railing or wall. (You can look for this at a store, on a playground, or at home.)				

	YES	SOMETIMES	NOT YET	
GROSS MOTOR (continued)				
Does your child stand on one foot for about 1 second without holding onto anything?		۵		
<ol> <li>While standing, does your child throw a ball overhand to raising his arm to shoulder height and throwing the ball forward? (Dropping the ball or throwing the ball underhanders not count.)</li> </ol>				
6. Does your child jump forward at least 6 inches with both feet leaving the ground at the same time?		GROSS MOT	OR TOTAL	
FINE MOTOR Be sure to try each activity with your chi.	ld.			• •
2. Does your child thread a shoelace through either a bead or an eyelet of a shoe?  Count as "yes"	as "yes"  Is "not yet"			
3. After he watches you draw a single circle, ask your child to make a circle like yours.  Do not let him trace your circle. Does your child copy you by drawing a circle?  Count as "not yet"				
4. After she watches you draw a line from one side of the paper to the other side, ask your child to make a line like yours. Do not let your child trace your line. Does your child copy you by drawing a single line in a horizontal direction?	<u>\</u>			·

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		YES	SOMETIMES	NOT YET	
1	FINE MOTOR (continued)				
5	5. Does your child try to cut paper with child-safe scissors? He does not need to cut the paper but must get the blades to open and close while holding the paper with the other hand. (You may show your child how to use scissors. Carefully watch your child's use of scissors for safety reasons.)				
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6	When drawing, does your child hold a pencil, crayon, or pen between her fingers and thumb like an adult does?				. —
			FINE MOT	OR TOTAL	
					•
P	ROBLEM SOLVING Be sure to try each activity with your child.				
1.	While your child watches, line up four objects like blocks or cars in a row. Does your child copy or imitate you and line up four objects in				
	a row? (You can also use spools of thread, small boxes, or other toys.)				
2.	If your child wants something he cannot reach, does he find a chair or box to stand on to reach it?				
	<b>X</b> (9)				
3.	When you point to the figure and ask your child, "What is this?" does your child say a word that means a person? Responses like "snowman," "boy," "man," "girl," and "Daddy" are correct.				-
	Please write your child's response here:				*
					•
4.	When you say, "Say seven three," does your child repeat <i>just</i> the two numbers in the correct order? <i>Do not repeat the numbers</i> . If necessary try another pair of numbers and say, "Say eight two." Your child must repeat just one series of two numbers for you to answer "yes" to this question.	у, П			
		<b>—</b>	<b>L</b>	Ш	
5.	Show your child how to make a bridge with blocks, boxes, or cans, like the example. Does your child copy you by making one like it?				
			<del>-</del>		<del></del>
	When you say, "Say five eight three," does your child repeat just the three numbers in the correct order? Do not repeat these numbers. If necessary, try another series of numbers and say, "Say six nine two." Your child must repeat just one series of three numbers for you to answer "yes" to this question.				
		Р	ROBLEM SOLVING	G TOTAL	
					-

	YES	SOMETIME	S NOT YET	
PERSONAL-SOCIAL Be sure to try each activity with your child	<i>d</i> .	:		
1. Does your child use a spoon to feed herself with little spilling?				<u> </u>
2. Does your child push a little shopping cart, stroller, or wagon, stee it around objects and backing out of corners if he cannot turn?	ering			
3. When she is looking in a mirror and you ask, "Who is in the mirror does your child say either "Me" or her own name?	?"			· ——
4. Can your child put on a coat, jacket, or shirt by himself?				
5. Using these exact words, ask your child, "Are you a girl or a boy?" Does your child answer correctly?				·
6. Does your child take turns by waiting while another child or adult to a turn?	akes	. •		. ——
	. <b>F</b>	PERSONAL-S	OCIAL TOTA	L
OVERALL Parents and providers may use the space below or additional comments.	the back o	f this sheet for		
1. Do you think your child hears well?	-		YES 🔲	NO 🔲
If no, explain:	<u>:</u>			
Do you think your child talks like other children her age?  If no, explain:			YES 🔲	NO 🗌
Can you understand most of what your child says?  If no, explain:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	YES 🛄	NO 🛄
Do you think your child walks, runs, and climbs like other children h  If no, explain:		:	YES 🔲	NO 🔲
Does either parent have a family history of childhood deafness or hill figure in the second sec		airment?	YES 🔲	NO 🔲
Do you have any concerns about your child's vision?  If yes, explain:			YES 🔲	NO 🗖
Has your child had any medical problems in the last several months  If yes, explain:	?		YES 🔲	NO 🗋
Does anything about your child worry you?  If yes, explain:			YES 🔲	№ 🗖
		<u> </u>		