Ages & Stages Questionnaires': A Parent-Completed, Child-Monitoring System Second Edition

By Diane Bricker and Jane Squires

with assistance from Linda Mounts, LaWanda Potter, Robert Nickel, Elizabeth Twombly, and Jane Farrell

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48 Month • 4 Year Questionnaire



On the following pages are questions about activities children do. Your child may have already done some of the activities described here, and there may be some your child has not begun doing yet. For each item, please check the box that tells whether your child is doing the activity regularly, sometimes, or not yet.

Important Points to Remember:

Be sure to try each activity with your child before checking a box.
Try to make completing this questionnaire a game that is fun for you and your child.
Make sure your child is rested, fed, and ready to play.
Please return this questionnaire by ______
If you have any questions or concerns about your child or about this questionnaire, please call: _______ months.
Look forward to filling out another questionnaire in ______ months.



ACTIVITIES FOR CHILDREN 48 -60 MONTHS OLD

Play the "guess what will happen" game to encourage your child's problem-solving and thinking skills. For example, during bath time, asky your child, "What do you think will happen if I turn on the hot and cold water at the same time?" or "What would happen if I stacked the blocks to the top of the ceiling?"	Encourage your child to learn her full name, address, and telephone number. Make it into a singling or rhyming game for fun. Ask your child to repeat it back to you when you are riding in the car or on the bus.	Write" and mail a letter to a friend or relative. Provide your child with paper, crayons or pencil, and an envelope. Let him draw, scribble, or write, or he can fall you what to write down. When he is finished, let him fold the letter to fit in the envelope. Ilck, and seal. You can write the address on the front, Be sure to let him decorate the envelope as well. After he has put the stamp on, help him mail the letter.	Pretend to be an animal. Encourage your child to use her Imagination and become a kity. You can ask, "What do kitties like to eat?" or "Where do kitties live?" Play along, and see how far the game can go.
On a rainy day, pretend to open a shoe store. Use old shoes, paper, pencils, and a chair to sit down and try on shoes. You can be the customer. Encourage your child to "write" your order down. Then she can take a turn being the customer and practice trying on and buying shoes.	Make a person with Play-Doh or clay using sticks, buttons, toothpicks, beads, and any other small items. Start with a Play-Doh (or clay) head and body and use the objects for arms, legs, and eyes. Ask your child questions about his person.	Let your child help you prepare a meal. She can spread peanut butter and jelly, peel a banana, cut with a butter knile, pour cereal, and add milk (using a small forotainer). Never give her a task involving the stove or oven without careful supervision.	Make a bean bag to catch and throw. Fill the toe of an old sock or partyhose with % cup dry beans. Sew the remaining side or tie off with a rubber band. Play "hot potato" or simply play catch. Encourage your child to throw the ball overhand and underhand.
Let your child help prepare a picnic. Show him what he can use for the picnic (bread, peanut butter, and apples). Lay out;sandwich bags and a lunch box, basket, or large plastic bag. Then go have fun on the plcnic.	Invite your child to play a counting game. Using a large piece of paper, make a simple game board with a straight path. Use dice to determine the count. Count with your child, and encourage her to hop the game piece to each square, counting as she touches down.	Play a picture guessing game. Cover a picture in a familiar book with a sheet of paper and uncover a little at a time until your child has guessed the picture.	Make bubbles. The recipe is % cup dish washing liquid (Dawn or Joy works best) and 8 cups of water. Use straws to blow bubbles on a cookie sheet. Or make a wand by stringing two pleces of a drinking straw onto a string together to make a circle. Holding onto the straw pieces, dip the string together to make a circle. Holding onto the straw pieces, dip the string in the bubble mixture. Pull it out and gently move forward or backward. You should see lovely, big bubbles.
When you are setting the table for a meal, play the what doesn't belong" game. Add a small toy or other object next to the plate and earing utensils. Ask your child if she can tell you what doesn't belong here. You can try this game any time of the day. For example, while brushing your child's hair, set out a brush, barrette, comb, and a "ball."	Write your child's name often, When he finishes drawing a picture, be sure to put his name on it and say the letters as you write them. It he is interested, encourage him to name and/or to copy the letters. Point out the letters in your child's name throughout the day on cereal boxes, sign boards, and books.	Go on a walk and pick up things you find. Bring the items home and help your child sort them into groups. For example, groups can include rocks, paper, or leaves. Encourage your child to start a "collection" of special things. Find a box or special place where he can display his collection.	Take a pack of playing cards and choose four or five matching sets. Lay the cards out face up, and help your roll to find the pairs. Talk about what makes the pairs of cards the "same" and "different."
Play the "who, what, and where" game. Ask your child who works in a school, what is in a school, and where is the school. Expand on your child's answers by asking more questions. Ask about other topics, like the library, bus stop, or post office.	Play "bucket hoops." Have your child stand about 6 feet away and throw a medium-size ball at a large bucket or trash can. For fun on a summer day, fill the bucket with water.	Cut out three small, three medium, and three large circles. Color each set of circles a different color (or use color each set of circles a different color (or use color or expense of can also ask your child can sort the circles by color or by size. You can also ask your child about the different sizes. For example, ask your child, "Which one is smallest?" Try this game using the buttons removed from an old shirt.	Play "circus." Find old, colorful clothes and help your child put on a circus show. Provide a rope on the ground for the high wire act, a box to stand on to announce the acts, fun objects for a magic act, and stuffed animals for the show. Encourage your child's imagination and creativity in planning the show. Don't forget to clap.

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	·				
		YES	SOMETIME	S NOT YET	Γ
	COMMUNICATION Be sure to try each activity with your child.				
	1. Does your child name at least three items from a common category For example, if you say to your child, "Tell me some things that you can eat," does your child answer with something like, "Cookies, egg and cereal"? Or if you say, "Tell me the names of some animals," do your child answer with something like, "Cow, dog, and elephant"?				
2	2. Does your child answer the following questions:				
	"What do you do when you are hungry?" (Acceptable answers include "Get food," "Eat," "Ask for something to eat," and "Have a snack.")	de:			a a
	Please write your child's response:		•		
	"What do you do when you are tired?" (Acceptable answers include: "Take a nap," "Rest," "Go to sleep," "Go to bed," "Lie down," and "Sit d	own.")			
	Please write your child's response:				
٠	Mark "sometimes" if your child answers only one question.				
3.	Does your child tell you at least two things about common objects? For example, if you say to your child, "Tell me about your ball," does he say something like, "It's round. I throw it. It's big"?				
4.	Does your child use endings of words, such as "a" factility and				
	playing," or "I kicked the ball"?				
5.	Without giving help by pointing or repeating, does your child follow three directions that are unrelated to one another? For example, you may ask your child to "Clap your hands, walk to the door, and sit down."	•			•
6.	Does your child use all of the words in a sentence (for example, "a," "the," "am," "is," and "are") to make complete sentences, such as "I am going to the park," or "Is there a toy to play with?" or "Are you coming too?"				
	coming, too?"				
			COMMUNICAT	ION TOTAL	
GR	OSS MOTOR Be sure to try each activity with your child.				
	Does your child catch a large ball with both hands? You				
	should stand about 5 feet away and give your child two or three tries.	۵			
.	Does your child climb the rungs of a ladder of a playground slide and slide down without help?				
7	While standing, does your child throw a ball overhand in the direction of a person standing at least 6 feet away? To throw overhand, your child must raise her arm to				_
2	shoulder height and throw the ball forward. (Dropping the ball, letting the ball go, or throwing the ball underhand should be scored as "not yet.")			•	

	YES	SOMETIMES NO	T YET
GROSS MOTOR (continued)			
4. Does your child hop up and down on either the right or left foot one time without losing his balance or falling?			<u> </u>
5. Does your child jump forward a distance of 20 inches from a staposition, starting with her feet together?	anding		
6. Without holding onto anything, does your child stand on one foot for at least 5 seconds without losing his balance and putting his foot down? You may give your child two			
or three tries before you mark the question.		Q	_
		GROSS MOTOR	TOTAL
FINE MOTOR Be sure to try each activity with your child.			
 Does your child put together a six-piece interlocking puzzle? (If of not available, take a full-page picture from a magazine or catalog cut it into six pieces. Does your child put it back together correct.) 			
	y?) 🔲		
a paper in half on a more or less straight line, making the blades go up and down? (Carefully watch your child's use of scissors for safety	3		
reasons.)]
 Using the shapes below to look at, does your child copy at least t shapes onto a large piece of paper using a pencil or crayon, without tracing? Your child's drawings should look similar to the design of shapes below, but they may be different in size. 			
•	·		
L+10			
 Does your child unbutton one or more buttons? Your child may use own clothing or a doll's clothing. 	his		
5. Does your child draw pictures of people that have at least three of following features: head, eyes, nose, mouth, neck, hair, trunk, arms hands, legs, or feet?	the		
5. Does your child color mostly within the lines in a calculation to a low			
child should not go more than 1/4 inch outside the lines on most of the picture.	ne		
		FINE MOTOR TO	DTAL
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	4.1		
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			YES	S SOMETIME	S NOTY	ΕT
		PROBLEM SOLVING Be sure to try each activity with your child		8		
		 When you say, "Say five eight three," does your child repeat just the three numbers in the correct order? Do not repeat these numbers necessary, try another series of numbers and say, "Say six nine twee Your child must repeat just one series of three numbers to answer "yes" to this question. When asked, "Which circle is the smallest?" does your child 	. If			
	•	point to the smallest circle? Ask this question without providing help by pointing, gesturing, or looking at the smallest circle.)			
	•	3. Without giving help by pointing does your 1714 to				
		3. Without giving help by pointing, does your child follow three differer directions using the words "under," "between," and "middle"? For example, ask your child to put a book "under the couch." Then ask her to put the ball "between the chairs" and the shoe "in the middle of the table."				
		When shown an object and asked, "What color is this?" does your child name five different colors like red, blue, yellow, orange, black, white, or pink? Answer "yes" only if your child answers the question correctly using five colors.			ä	
	5	or something else? For example, your child may dress up in differen clothes and pretend to be a mommy, daddy, brother or sister, or an imaginary animal or figure.	t 🔲			
	6.	If you place five objects in front of your child, can he count them saying, "One, two, three, four, five," in order? Ask this question without providing help by pointing, gesturing, or naming.				
				PROBLEM SOL	VING TOTA	 M
	PI	ERSONAL-SOCIAL Be sure to the cook activity will				
	1.	another using utensils? For example, can your child use a large spoon to scoop applesauce from a jar into a bowl?				
	2.	Does your child tell you at least four of the following:				
		a. First name b. Age c. City she lives in d. Last name e. Boy or girl f. Telephone number				
		Please circle the items your child knows.				
	3.	Does your child wash his hands and face using soap and dry off with a towel without help?				
4		Does your child tell you the names of two or more playmates, not including brothers and sisters? Ask this question without providing help by suggesting names of playmates or friends.			0	

	YES	SOMETIN	MES NOT YE	Τ
PERSONAL-SOCIAL (continued)				
 Does your child brush her teeth by putting toothpaste on the tooth and brushing all her teeth without help? You may still need to check rebrush your child's teeth. 	brush k and			
Does your child dress or undress himself without help (except for snaps, buttons, and zippers)?				
		DEDSONAL	-SOCIAL TO	
		LINONAL	-300IAL 10	IAL
OVERALL Parents and providers may use the space below o additional comments.	r the back o	f this sheet fo	or .	
Do you think your child hears well?				
If no, explain:			YES 🔲	ио 🗍
2. Do you think your child talks like other children her age?			YES 🔲	NO 🗀
If no, explain:				
Can you understand most of what your child says? If no, explain:			YES 🔲	NO 🗍
4. Do you think your child walks, runs, and climbs like other children if no, explain:	nis age?		YES 🔲	NO 🗀
5. Does either parent have a family history of childhood deafness or h If yes, explain:		irment?	YES 🔲	№ 🗖
Do you have any concerns about your child's vision? If yes, explain:	-	-	YES 🔲	NO 🔲
 Has your child had any medical problems in the last several months If yes, explain: 			YES 🔲	NO 🔲
Does anything about your child worry you?			VEQ 🗔	
If yes, explain:	<u>. </u>		YES 🔲	ио 🔲
				•
			•	